

Comparative Evaluation Schedule and Judgement Descriptors

The National Framework for the Inspection of Catholic Schools, Colleges and Academies

March 2024 (v2.3)

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Catholic life and mission

CLM1: The extent to which pupils contribute to and benefit from the life and mission of the school

- CLM1.1. How well pupils understand, value and contribute to the school's Catholic life and mission
- CLM1.2. Pupils' sense of worth
- CLM1.3. Pupil moral development
- CLM1.4. Pupil response to Catholic Social Teaching
- CLM1.5. Pupil respect for self and others
- CLM1.6. Pupil response to Chaplaincy provision

CLM1.1 Catholic identity, charism and mission

CLM1.1 Catholic identity, charism and mission			
4	3	2	1
Pupils are largely ignorant of the	Pupils struggle to understand how the	Pupils understand the distinctive	Pupils understand and embrace the
school's Catholic identity or charism.	Catholic identity or charism of the	Catholic identity, charism and mission	distinctive Catholic identity, charism
They do not appreciate, value or	school makes a difference to its	of the school. They value this	and mission of their school. They value
participate in the Catholic life and	mission. They are indifferent to the	distinctiveness and actively participate	it greatly and are able to tell its unique
mission of the school.	school's Catholic character, and their	in the Catholic life and mission of the	story as part of the local and universal
	participation in the Catholic life and	school.	Church. Their active participation
	mission of the school is limited.		significantly enhances the Catholic life
			and mission of the school.
CLM1.2 Sense of worth			
4	3	2	1
Pupils have little or no understanding	Pupils have a limited understanding that	Pupils can express an understanding	Pupils can clearly express an
that they are valued and cared for as	they are valued and cared for as unique	that they are valued and cared for as	understanding that they are valued and
unique persons. They are unhappy, lack	persons. Pupils are sometimes unhappy,	unique persons, who are made in the	cared for as unique persons, made in
confidence or do not feel secure.	have limited confidence or do not	image and likeness of God. They are	the image and likeness of God. They are
	always feel secure.	happy, confident and feel secure.	happy, confident and feel secure.

CLM1.3 Moral development

CLIVI1.3 Moral development			
4	3	2 To strengthen	1
Pupils do not understand, or they reject, the demands that belonging to the school community entails. Pupils have little sense of personal responsibility.	Pupils find it difficult to understand the demands that belonging to the school community entails. As a result, pupils' sense of personal responsibility is underdeveloped, and they respond in a limited way to the call to care for our Common Home, to pursue the common good and to serve those in need.	Pupils understand that the school community is committed to following the teaching and example of Jesus as expressed in the Gospels, in the social teaching of the Church and in the school's own particular charism. As a result, pupils seek opportunities to grow in virtue, accepting their personal responsibility to care for our Common Home, pursue the common good and serve those in need.	Pupils have a clear understanding that the school community is committed to following the teaching and example of Jesus as expressed in the Gospels, the social teaching of the Church and the school's own particular charism. As a result, pupils flourish as they seek opportunities to grow in virtue. They gladly embrace their personal responsibility to care for our Common Home, pursue the common good and serve those in need.

CLM1.4 Catholic Social Teaching

4	3	2	1
Pupils have little, if any, involvement with supporting those in need locally, nationally and globally.	Pupils are only infrequently and passively involved with supporting those in need locally, nationally and globally.	Pupils are actively engaged in responding to the demands of Catholic Social Teaching, supporting those in need locally, nationally and globally. They can articulate aspects of the theology underpinning their actions.	Pupils take a leading role in responding to the demands of Catholic Social Teaching and are pro-active in finding ways of responding, locally, nationally and globally. They can clearly articulate the theology underpinning their actions.
CLM1.5 Respect for self and others 4	3	2	1
Pupils show little respect for	Pupils' respect for themselves and	Pupils demonstrate respect for	Pupils show a deep respect for their
themselves and others. They lack	others, who are made in the image and	themselves and others who are made in	own personal dignity and that of others
courtesy in their treatment of those	likeness of God, is not always evident.	the image and likeness of God. They	who are made in the image and likenes
who have different beliefs. They are	They have little awareness of the	have a well-developed sense of respect	of God. They demonstrate a deep sense
inconsiderate and their behaviour is	existence of difference or the need to	for those of other faiths, religions and	of respect for those of other faiths,
poor.	respect the beliefs of others. The	none. The behaviour of pupils is good in	religions and none. The behaviour of
	behaviour of pupils at times, or in	lessons and throughout the school.	pupils is exemplary in lessons and
	places, shows a lack of consideration.		throughout the school.
CLM1.6 Chaplaincy			
4	3	2	1
Pupils do not value the school's	Pupils may value the chaplaincy	Pupils value the school's chaplaincy	Pupils highly value the school's
chaplaincy provision, and/or do not	provision, but this is not translated into	provision and actively participate in	chaplaincy provision, willingly taking
participate in opportunities provided by	high levels of participation in	opportunities provided by the school.	leadership roles within it. They actively
the school.	opportunities provided by the school.		participate in and contribute to
			opportunities provided by the school.

CL1

CLM2: The quality of provision for the life and mission of the school

Summary bullet list

- CLM2.1. Identity, charism and mission
- CLM2.2. Staff commitment and participation in the life and mission of the school.
- CLM2.3. Sense of community and the culture of welcome
- CLM2.4. Inclusivity
- CLM2.5. Staff as role models
- CLM2.6. Pastoral care
- CLM2.7. School environment
- CLM2.8. Chaplaincy
- CLM2.9. R(S)HE

CLM2.1 Identity, charism and mission

4	3	2	1
The mission statement fails to express	The mission statement expresses the	The mission statement is a clear	The mission statement is a clear and
the educational mission of the Church	educational mission of the Church or	expression of the educational mission of	inspiring expression of the educational
or has no impact on the life of the	the school's particular charism, but this	the Church and of the school's	mission of the Church and of the
school. The school's mission is not	is not well thought through or its	particular charism. It is regularly	school's particular charism. It is
informed by the Word of God.	expression lacks depth. It is known	revisited and known and lived	regularly revisited and is known, lived
	throughout the school but the extent to	throughout the school. It is has a visible	and witnessed to throughout the
	which the Word of God informs and	impact on the life of the school. The	school. As a result, it is has a significant
	shapes the school's life and mission is	Word of God informs and shapes the	impact on the life of the school which
	underdeveloped or inconsistent.	school's life and mission.	excels at being a community based on
			Catholic tradition and practice. The life
			and mission of the school are deeply
			rooted in the Word of God.

CLM2.2 Staff commitment

CLIVIZ.2 Staff Commitment			
4	3	2 To strengthen	1
Staff do not understand the demands of	Whilst staff understand some of the	Staff are committed to the	Staff embrace the mission statement
the school's mission statement and it	demands of the school's mission	implementation of the mission	and readily implement it across the
has little impact on their work. They	statement there are inconsistencies in	statement across the curriculum and the	curriculum and the whole of school life.
rarely, if ever, participate in those	its implementation across the	whole of school life. They actively	They enthusiastically participate in and
activities which reflect the Catholic life	curriculum. They infrequently	participate in those activities which	contribute to those activities which
and mission of the school.	participate in those activities which	reflect the life and mission of the school	reflect the life and mission of the school
	reflect the Catholic life and mission of	and the service it offers to the	and the service it offers to the
	the school.	community.	community.

CLM2.3 Sense of community

CLM2.3 Sense of community			
4	3	2	1
There is little or no sense of being a Catholic community or of a culture of welcome. The concept of hospitality is not understood or considered important.	There is some sense of being a Catholic community, evident in relationships and an emerging culture of welcome, which seeks to value the other. The school is working towards a deeper understanding of hospitality.	As Christ is at the heart of the school, there is a sense of community, evident in the quality of relationships and the culture of welcome. The school is a supportive and joyful community, valuing all and acknowledging Christ's presence in the other. Everyone is welcomed in a spirit of hospitality, especially those who are most vulnerable.	Conscious that Christ is at the heart of the school, there is a lived sense of community, evident in the quality of relationships and the strong culture of welcome. The school goes the extra mile to provide an exceptionally supportive and joyful community for each of its members, valuing all without exception and acknowledging Christ's presence in the other. Everyone is welcomed in a spirit of generous hospitality, especially those who are most vulnerable.
CLM2.4 Inclusivity			
4	3	2	1
There is a lack of awareness of the presence of those from various cultures and belief traditions and a failure to accommodate their needs.	This underdeveloped culture of welcome means that support for those of various cultures and belief traditions is inconsistent and their needs are sometimes overlooked.	This culture of welcome includes valuing and supporting those from various cultures and belief traditions, enabling them to live and pray in fidelity to their own commitments.	This embedded culture of welcome means that the school celebrates the presence of those from various cultures and belief traditions, going the extra mile to understand their needs and enable them to live and pray in fidelity to their own commitments.
CLM2.5 Staff as role models			
4	3	2	1
Staff are poor role models for pupils and their relationships with each other and pupils are sometimes contrary to the school's Catholic life and mission.	Staff are inconsistent in providing a positive role model for pupils. Their relationships with each other and the care they show for pupils, do not always witness to the school's Catholic life and mission.	Staff are positive role models for pupils. Through their relationships with each other and the love and care they show for pupils, they bear witness to the school's Catholic life and mission.	Staff are exemplary role models for pupils. Through their relationships with each other and the love and care they show for pupils, they consistently bear witness to the school's Catholic life and mission.

CLM2.6 Pastoral care (pupils)

CLIVI2.6 Pastoral care (pupils)			
4	3	2	1
There is lack of effective pastoral care.	Staff do not always provide good	Staff provide supportive pastoral care	Staff provide the highest levels of
As a result, the needs of pupils are	pastoral care for pupils.	for pupils, and there is a commitment	pastoral care for pupils, and there is an
overlooked or are not addressed.		to the most vulnerable.	explicit and concrete commitment to
			the most vulnerable.
CLM2.7 Physical environment			
4	3	2	1
The school environment lacks any	The school environment contains signs	The school environment reflects its	The school environment effectively
outward signs of its Catholic character	of the school's Catholic character, but	mission and identity through explicit	witnesses to its identity, mission and
or these are few and far between.	these have become routine with little	signs of the school's Catholic character.	charism through explicit and effective
	impact on the life of the school.	The quality of the space reflects the	signs of the school's Catholic character.
		dignity of each person.	The care and attention given to the
			quality of the space reflects the dignity
			of each person and contributes
			positively to their formation.
CLM2.8 Chaplaincy (pupils and staft	F)		
4	3	2	1
There is little, if any chaplaincy	The chaplaincy provision is peripheral to	The chaplaincy provision is strong in its	The chaplaincy provision is a central and
provision, showing that the school	the life and mission of the school: a sign	support to the life and mission of the	celebrated aspect of the life and
neglects the education of the whole	of the school's inconsistent	school. It is evidence of the school's	mission of the school. It witnesses to
person. It provides few, if any,	commitment to the education of the	commitment to the education of the	the school's commitment to the
opportunities for the spiritual and	whole person. Opportunities for the	whole person and to helping each to	flourishing of every member of the
moral development of pupils and staff.	spiritual and moral development of	discover their own vocation. As a	school community, to the education of
	pupils and staff are limited either in	consequence, the school provides a	the whole person and to helping each
	their regularity or quality.	range of well-planned and effective	discern their own unique vocation. As a
		opportunities for the spiritual and moral	consequence, the school has a dynamic
	-	development of pupils and staff.	and well-planned chaplaincy
		Action: redefine staff reflection. Class	programme that provides extensive,
		worship to be led by Chaplains	creative and high-quality opportunities
		Additional chaplain activity??	for the spiritual and moral developmen
			of pupils and staff.

CL2

4	3	2	1
The provision for R(S)HE is incompatible	The provision for R(S)HE is inconsistent	The provision for R(S)HE meets both	The provision for R(S)HE is carefully
with the statutory or diocesan	in how well it reflects statutory and	statutory and diocesan requirements, is	planned to ensure that as well as
requirements, or the teaching of the	diocesan requirements or the teaching	faithful to the teaching of the Church	meeting all statutory requirements, it
Church.	of the Church. Pupils struggle to	and presents a holistic vision of the	also fully meets diocesan requirements,
	articulate what they have learned in	human person. As a consequence,	is firmly rooted in the teaching of the
	these lessons.	pupils are able to articulate what they	Church and celebrates a holistic vision
		have learned in these lessons.	of the human person. As a
		Review 10:10 as a SoW is this achieving	consequence, pupils are able to
		it's goals	confidently articulate what they have
			learned in these lessons.
	7		

CLM3: How well leaders and governors promote, monitor and evaluate the provision for the life and mission of the school

CLM3.1	Catholic life & mission in policy
CLM3.2	Engagement with diocese and local Church
CLM3.3	Parish links
CLM3.4	Partnership with parents
CLM3.5	Commitment to CST
CLM3.6	Respect for the rights and dignity of employees
CLM3.7	The Catholic curriculum
CLM3.8	Governors' ambition
CLM3.9	Quality of self-evaluation processes
CLM3.10	Pupil evaluation
CLM3.11	CPD
CLM3.12	Induction of new staff

CLM3.1 Catholic life & mission in policy

2 (almost) 3 1 Leaders and governors show minimal Leaders and governors struggle to Leaders and governors are able to Leaders and governors are able to articulate the Church's mission in understanding of and support for the articulate the Church's mission in clearly articulate the Church's mission in education and are limited in their ability Church's mission in education and they education and are thorough in education and are fastidious in to exercise their duty as guardians of neglect their duty as guardians of the exercising their duty as guardians of the exercising their duty as guardians of the the Catholic life and mission of the Catholic life and mission of the school. Catholic life and mission of the school. Catholic life and mission of the school. school. The development of the At least some school policies and They ensure that Christ is at the heart of They ensure that Christ is always at the Catholic life and mission of the school is procedures are incompatible with the the school. They are determined in the heart of the school. They are energized, not viewed as a priority by leaders and pursuit of this mission and are well Catholic identity, charism and mission joyful and determined in the pursuit of governors. It is not clear that the of the school. regarded as models of Catholic this mission and are a source of schools' policies and procedures leadership. The development of the inspiration for the whole community. sufficiently reflect the Catholic identity, Catholic life and mission of the school is The development of the Catholic life charism and mission of the school. and mission of the school is embraced viewed by leaders and governors as a core leadership responsibility. As a by leaders and governors as a core consequence, policies and procedures leadership responsibility. As a demonstrate the Catholic identity, consequence, all policies and charism and mission of the school. procedures clearly reflect the priority given to the Catholic identity, charism Prayer life to be developed and mission of the school. Charitable acts to push forward Charitable acts to pray for Mass visits - church CLNA2 2 Engagement with diagons

CLIM3.2 Engagement with diocese			
4	3	2	1
Leaders and governors have not	Leaders and governors have not fully	Leaders and governors promote the	Leaders and governors embrace and
embraced the bishop's vision for the	embraced the bishop's vision for the	bishop's vision for the diocese. They	actively promote the bishop's vision for
diocese. Links between leaders and the	diocese and are inconsistent in its	respond well to diocesan policies and	the diocese. They are enthusiastic in
diocesan bishop are tenuous, and there	implementation. They make a limited	initiatives. As a result, the school works	their response to diocesan policies and
is little evidence to demonstrate the	response to diocesan policies and	in partnership with the diocesan bishop	initiatives. As a result, the school has a
school is part of the diocesan	initiatives.	and actively participates in the services	dynamic partnership with the diocesan
community of schools.		offered by the diocese.	bishop, actively participating in the
			services offered by the diocese while
		Mass visits – church	also putting itself at the service of the
		Church to the school	diocese in a variety of ways.
		Father Thomas to come to talk to staff	
		Parishioners to talk to children, read	
		the bible and talk about church life	

CLM3.3 Parish links

3	2 (almost)	1
Leaders and governors have limited	Leaders and governors recognise the	Leaders and governors embrace and
recognition of the principle that	principle that Catholic schools are at the	actively promote the principle that
	service of the local Church. They seek to	Catholic schools are at the service of the
•	work well with the local parish or	local Church. They work hard to ensure
	parishes as part of their commitment to	a flourishing partnership between the
	the Catholic life and mission of the	school and its local parish or parishes is
Catholic life and mission of the school.	school.	central to the Catholic life and mission
		of the school.
	•	Leaders and governors have limited recognition of the principle that Catholic schools are at the service of the local Church. They are inconsistent in their efforts to work with the local parish or parishes in upholding the Catholic life and mission of the school. Leaders and governors recognise the principle that Catholic schools are at the service of the local Church. They seek to work well with the local parish or parishes as part of their commitment to the Catholic life and mission of the

Catholic schools are at the service of the local Church. Few, if any. Attempts have been made to work with the local parish or parishes.	Catholic schools are at the service of the local Church. They are inconsistent in their efforts to work with the local parish or parishes in upholding the Catholic life and mission of the school.	service of the local Church. They seek to work well with the local parish or parishes as part of their commitment to the Catholic life and mission of the school.	Catholic schools are at the service of the local Church. They work hard to ensure a flourishing partnership between the school and its local parish or parishes is central to the Catholic life and mission of the school.
CLM3.4 Partnership with parents		¥	
4	3	2	1
The leaders do not recognise the principle that parents are the first educators of their children and offer little, if any, support in helping them meet the demands of this vocation. The school does not engage with parents/carers.	The leaders and governors of the school have a poor recognition of the principle that parents are the first educators of their children and offered limited support in helping them meet the demands of this vocation. The school has few strategies for engaging with parents/carers. As a result, they do not fully understand the school's mission.	The leaders and governors of the school recognise the principle that parents are the first educators of their children and support them in meeting the demands of this vocation. The school has effective strategies for engaging with parents/carers to the benefit of pupils. As a result, parents/carers understand the school's mission and are supportive of it.	The leaders and governors of the school truly embrace the principle that parents are the first educators of their children and fully support and empower them in meeting the demands of this vocation. The school has highly successful strategies for engaging with parents/carers to the very obvious benefit of pupils. As a result, parents/carers have a thorough understanding of the school's mission and are highly supportive of it, including those who might otherwise find working with the school difficult.

CLM3.5 Commitment to Catholic Social Teaching

4
Leaders and governors do not consider
how resources can be used to support
those in greatest need. In their
decisions little, if any, consideration if
given to care for our Common Home, to
the pursuit of the common good and to
service of those in greatest need.

The witness of leaders and governors to the Gospel and to Catholic Social Teaching is inconsistent. Insufficient thought is given to how resources are to support those in greatest need. In their decisions they do not always demonstrate commitment to care for our Common Home, to the pursuit of the common good and to service of those in greatest need.

Leaders and governors witness to the Gospel and to Catholic Social Teaching in their direction of the school at every level. They put into practice the Church's preferential option for the poor by ensuring that resources are used effectively to support those in greatest need, both materially and educationally. In their decisions they demonstrate commitment to care for our Common Home, to the pursuit of the common good and to service of those in greatest need.

We need to signpost what we are doing and how we are doing this

Leaders and governors are inspirational witnesses to the Gospel and to Catholic Social Teaching in their direction of the school at every level. They embody the Church's preferential option for the poor by ensuring that resources are consciously and effectively targeted at those in greatest need, both materially and educationally. In every one of their decisions they demonstrate an exemplary commitment to care for our Common Home, to the pursuit of the common good and to service of those in greatest need.

1

1

CLM3.6 Respect for the rights and dignity of employees

Leaders and governors show little, if any, regard for the dignity of workers. Pastoral care of staff is neglected and, the needs of staff are overlooked. Leaders and governors show some regard for the dignity of workers but not all decisions they make demonstrate this. Policies and structures are in place, but these do not always translate to good pastoral care for staff.

2 (almost)

2

Leaders and governors demonstrate respect for the dignity of workers and ensure that the decisions they make respect this. Policies and structures are in place, which provide supportive pastoral care for staff, and there is commitment to both physical and mental wellbeing of staff.

Leaders and governors are inspirational exemplars in their respect for the dignity of workers and ensure that every decision they make reflects this. Policies and structures are in place, which clearly provide the highest levels of pastoral care for staff, and there is an explicit and concrete commitment to both the physical and mental wellbeing of staff.

CLM3.7 The Catholic Curriculum

3 2 1 The school taught curriculum does not The whole of the taught curriculum, The school taught curriculum partially The whole of the taught curriculum, reflect the Catholic understanding of expresses the Catholic understanding of with religious education at its core, is an with religious education at its core, is a expression of the Catholic coherent and compelling expression of reality. reality. understanding of reality. Leaders of the Catholic understanding of reality. This was part of the planning in the past different subject areas work together to Leaders of different subject areas work and needs to be no re-embedded. plan opportunities to make connections together to plan opportunities to make This has to be meaningful and not between discrete subject areas that connections between discrete subject support this understanding. areas that support this understanding. contrived Opportunities have been taken, across the full breadth of the curriculum, to make choices that reflect the richness

			of Catholic contributions to culture.
CLM3.8 Governors' ambition			
4	3	2	1
Governors show little interest in the Catholic life and mission of the school.	Whilst governors make efforts to maintain the Catholic life and mission of the school these efforts are not concerted or maintained. They make some contribution to the Catholic life and mission of the school. However, they are only superficially involved in its self-evaluation and are more comfortable in a supportive role than they are with offering challenge.	Governors are ambitious for the Catholic life and mission of the school and emphasise it as a school improvement priority. They are actively involved in its evaluation and have clear systems in place for receiving the views of parents, staff and pupils. As a result, they are ready to challenge as well as support where necessary. Governors contribute to the Catholic life and mission of the school. They are committed, are well-organised and conscientious in their work.	Governors are highly ambitious for the Catholic life and mission of the school and lead by example in their consistent emphasising of it as a school improvement priority. They are actively involved in its evaluation and have clear systems in place for receiving the views of parents, staff and pupils. As a result, they offer challenge as well as support where necessary. Governors make a highly significant contribution to the Catholic life and mission of the school. They are passionate, have high levels of expertise and are extremely wellorganised and thorough in their work.

4	3	2	1
The school's self-evaluation makes little, or no reference to its Catholic life and mission and does not inform planning for improvement.	The school's self-evaluation is acknowledged as a leadership responsibility, but it lacks accuracy and is insufficiently focused on the Catholic life and mission of the school. As a result, any attempted improvements have limited impact.	The school's self-evaluation involves accurate monitoring, analysis and self-challenge and is clearly focused on the Catholic life and mission of the school. This leads to planned and effective improvements to further enhance the life and mission of the school.	The school's self-evaluation is a coherent reflection of rigorous monitoring, searching analysis and honest self-challenge, and is clearly and explicitly focused on the Catholic life and mission of the school. This leads to well-targeted and planned improvements, often creatively conceived with key partners, to further enhance the life and mission of the school.
CLM3.10 Pupil evaluation			
4	3	2	1
Pupils do not participate in the school's evaluation of its Catholic life and mission.	Pupils' involvement in the school's evaluation of its Catholic life and mission is infrequent and/or their contributions lack impact.	Pupils participate in the school's evaluation of its Catholic life and mission and are part of planning improvements to it.	Pupils contribute in a planned and systematic way to the school's evaluation of its Catholic life and mission and take a lead in planning improvements to it.
CLM3.11 CPD			
Professional development, focusing on the Catholic life and mission of the school, rarely, if ever occurs.	Professional development, focusing on the Catholic life and mission of the school, rarely occurs or is limited in its effectiveness. As a result, staff have limited understanding of the school's mission.	Professional development, (Teachers yes / TAs no) focusing on the Catholic life and mission of the school, is well planned and effective. As a result, staff have a comprehensive understanding of the school's mission. Staff are involved in shaping and supporting it.	Professional development, focusing on the Catholic life and mission of the school, occurs frequently and is engaging, well planned and effective. As a result, staff have a profound understanding of the school's mission. They share its purpose and are actively involved in shaping and supporting it.

CLM3.12 Induction of new staff

4	3	2	1
Leaders provide little, or no support for	Leaders seek to support staff new to	Leaders are committed to supporting	Leaders are deeply committed to
staff new to the school.	the school but there is no planned	staff new to the school. As a	supporting staff new to the school. As a
	induction.	consequence, they have effective	consequence, they have developed
		induction programmes which enable all	effective and focused induction
		staff to participate in, and contribute	programmes to inspire all staff to
		to, the Catholic life and mission of the	participate actively in, and contribute
		school.	to, the Catholic life and mission of the
			school.
CL3			
CLS			
CATHOLIC LIFE &			
MISSION			
IVIIOSIUN			

Religious Education

RE1: How well pupils achieve and enjoy their learning in religious education

RE1.1	Development of knowledge, understanding & skills
RE1.2	Progress
RE1.3	Religious literacy
RE1.4	Recall and questions
RE1.5	Independence and concentration
RE1.6	Books
RE1.7	Engagement
RE1.8	Enjoyment
RE1.9	Self-assessment
RE1.10	Attainment

RE1.1 Development of knowledge, understanding & skills			
4	3	2	1
The knowledge, understanding and skills of pupils are limited or poorly reflect the learning required by the Religious Education Directory.	For a significant minority of pupils, the knowledge, understanding and skills required by the Religious Education Directory are insufficiently developed. It is having a positive effect but we are too early into the cycle. Children are giving deeper answers and even in EYFS / KS1 children are making connections — Pope — Stewardship — Looking after the world	Pupils are developing secure knowledge, understanding and skills that reflect the learning required by the Religious Education Directory.	Pupils are developing excellent knowledge, understanding and skills that exemplify the learning required by the Religious Education Directory.
RE1.2 Progress			
4	3	2	1
Pupil do not make sufficient progress when measured against the planned curriculum for each year, and as a result pupils, including those disadvantaged pupils and pupils with SEND, significantly underachieve.	Pupils make limited progress in knowing more, remembering more, and doing more and/or this does not always match the planned curriculum for each year. As a result, pupils, including disadvantaged pupils and pupils with SEND, do not achieve as well as they should in at least one age-phase. Too early to assess this. We need to establish our own assessment framework To be completed ASAP	Pupils make good progress in knowing more, remembering more, and doing more when measured against the planned curriculum for each year. As a result, pupils, including disadvantaged pupils and pupils with SEND, achieve well in all age-phases and most years. What would be our evidence for this?	Pupils make consistently good progress by knowing more, remembering more, and doing more when measured against the planned curriculum for each year. As a result, pupils, including disadvantaged pupils and pupils with SEND, achieve the best possible outcomes in all years and age-phases.

RE1.3 Religious literacy

4	3	2	1
Pupils, make little, if any of their	Pupils, relative to their age and	Pupils, relative to their age and	Pupils, relative to their age and
knowledge, understanding and skills to	capacity, make some use of their	capacity, are religiously literate and	capacity, are religiously literate and
reflect spiritually, and to think ethically	knowledge, understanding and skills, to	engaged young people; they use their	engaged young people; they use their
and theologically. They are largely	reflect spiritually and to think ethnically	knowledge, understanding and skills	knowledge, understanding and skills
unaware of the demands of religious	and theologically in a limited way about	effectively, to reflect spiritually, and to	effectively, to reflect spiritually, and to
commitment in everyday life.	the demands of religious commitment	think ethically and theologically. As a	think ethically and theologically. As a
	in everyday life.	consequence, most are aware of the	consequence, they are particularly
Age stage we can easily change our focus to reflect this		demands of religious commitment in	aware of the demands of religious
		everyday life.	commitment in everyday life.

RE1.4 Recall and questions

4	3	2	1
Pupils are hesitant and unsure in their	Pupils are able speak about what they	Pupils can speak with confidence about	Pupils can speak fluently and
articulation of what they have learned	have learned in religious education,	what they have learned in religious	confidently about what they have
in religious education. They rarely ask	although with limited confidence and	education, showing an awareness of key	learned in religious education, using key
questions, or their questions are not	limited use of subject-specific	concepts and using some subjectspecific	concepts and subject-specific
relevant to their learning.	vocabulary. As a consequence, they ask	vocabulary. As a consequence, they are	vocabulary. As a consequence, they ask
	questions of adults and peers, which	able to ask good questions of adults and	incisive questions of adults and peers,
	sometimes enhance learning.	peers, which enhance learning.	which indicate an innate curiosity and a
	More opportunities to be enabled		desire to deepen learning.
RE1.5 Independence and concentrate	tion		
4	3	2	1
Pupils rarely, if ever, work	Pupils demonstrate a limited ability to	Pupils are able to work independently	Pupils show notable independence in
independently. They frequently lack	work independently and take the	and take the initiative in their learning	their learning; they can think for
concentration.	initiative in their learning. They struggle	when given the opportunity to do so. As	themselves, synthesizing what they
	to concentrate and respond in a limited	a consequence, they concentrate well,	have learned in original and creative
	way to the challenge of learning.	and respond to the challenge of	ways. As a consequence, they
		learning.	concentrate exceptionally well, love the
			challenge of learning and are curious,
			interested learners.

RE1.6 Pupil work

RE1.6 Pupii work			
4	3	2	1
Pupils produce work that is poorly	Pupils produce work that is inconsistent	Pupils produce good work that is	Pupils produce work of a consistently
presented, showing little if any,	in its quality, showing limited evidence	presented well and shows signs of	high quality, demonstrating excellent
individuality or creativity; it is deficient	of individuality and creativity.	emerging individuality and creativity.	presentation, individuality and
both in terms of quality and quantity.		Through the modelling and displaying of	creativity. This motivates high
		this work other pupils are encouraged to	performance from others through the
		strive to improve.	modelling and displaying of excellent
			work.
RE1.7 Engagement			
4	3	2	1
Pupils are not engaged in lessons and	Pupils participate in their lessons but	Pupils engage in lessons and show a	Pupils are actively engaged in lessons;
have little interest in the subject.	with limited motivation to improve their	willingness to improve their knowledge,	they are reflective and are highly
	knowledge, understanding and skills as	understanding and skills, in order to	committed to improving their
	learners.	further develop as competent learners.	knowledge, understanding and skills, in
			order to further develop as competent
			learners.
RE1.8 Enjoyment			
4	3	2	1
Pupils show little or no enjoyment of	Pupils show limited interest and little	Pupils enjoy their learning and approach	Pupils enjoy their learning and approach
their learning in religious education. As	enjoyment of learning in religious	their lessons with interest and	lessons with great interest, passion and
a consequence, their behaviour in	education. As a consequence, behaviour	enthusiasm. As a consequence,	enthusiasm. As a consequence,
lessons is disruptive and not conducive	in lessons is varied and disruptions in	behaviour in lessons is good because	behaviour in lessons is outstanding
to learning.	lessons sometimes take place.	most pupils enjoy religious education	because almost all pupils enjoy religious
		and are usually engaged.	education and they remain fully
	•	eally enjoy their engagement in belief and	engaged even in extended periods
	other beliefs		without direction from an adult.
RE1.9 Self-assessment			
4	3	2	1
Pupils have no involvement in assessing	Pupils have a limited understanding of	Pupils have an understanding of how	Pupils have a clear understanding of
how well they are learning.	how well they are doing and of what	well they are doing, of what they need	how well they are doing, of what they
This needs to be better developed as a	they need to do to improve.	to do to improve, and can articulate	need to do to improve, and can fully
school using marking grids and also as a		how they have made progress.	articulate how they have made
self-reflection activity at the end of a			progress.
lesson			

RE1.10 Attainment

4	3	2	1
Most pupils achieve below average	Pupils do not always achieve average	Pupils achieve at least average	Pupils achieve above average
attainment when compared with other	attainment when compared with other	attainment when compared with other	attainment when compared with other
core curriculum subjects or national	core curriculum subjects or national	core curriculum subjects or using	core curriculum subjects or using
data where available.	data where available.	national data where available. This has	national data where available. This has
		been sustained for the last three years,	been sustained for the last three years
		or if it has not there is an improving	for almost all pupils.
	Too early to assess this.	trend.	
RE1			
1161			

RE2: The quality of teaching, learning and assessment in religious education

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RE2.1	Subject & pedagogical knowledge
RE2.2	Expectations
RE2.3	Planning
RE2.4	Effective questioning
RE2.5	Celebration & feedback
RE2.6	Spiritual & moral development
RE2.7	Variety & resources

RE2.1 Subject & pedagogical knowledge

RE2.1 Subject & pedagogical knowle	eage		
4	3	2	1
Teachers have little, if any, appropriate	Teachers have insufficient subject	Teachers are confident in their subject	Teachers have a high level of
subject knowledge or no real	knowledge or a limited understanding	knowledge and have a good	confidence based on authentic subject
understanding of how pupils learn.	of how pupils learn. They are	understanding of how pupils learn,	knowledge and teaching expertise,
They are not equipped to lead the	insufficiently prepared to lead the	appropriate to the phase in which they	appropriate to the phase in which they
learning in religious education.	learning in religious education.	are teaching.	are teaching.
	Broad range of teachers and TAs may not	be as strong	
RE2.2 Expectations			
4	3	2	1
Teachers lack commitment to religious	Teachers are passive in their	Teachers are committed to value of	Teachers demonstrate a deep
education.	commitment to religious education and	religious education and they	commitment and high expectations for
	this is communicated to their pupils.	communicate this effectively to their	religious education and they
		pupils.	communicate this highly effectively to
			their pupils.
RE2.3 Planning			
4	3	2	1
Planning is not linked to pupils' current	Planning is not always linked to pupils'	Planning is linked to pupils' current	Planning is linked to pupils' current
assessment.	current assessment such that learning is	assessment so that pupils learn well.	assessment and their knowledge of the
	limited.		individual, such that lessons consolidate
		This links to the RED and we are	and extend pupils' knowledge and
		introducing this on a phased way. This is	understanding, so that they learn
		not linked yet to assessment. We are	extremely well.
		too early in the implimentation	
RE2.4 Effective Questioning			
4	3	2	1
Teachers rarely ask questions and/or do	Teachers' skill in questioning is limited	Teachers use questioning during lessons	Teachers use questioning skilfully during
not adapt explanations or tasks as a	and/or their adaptation of explanations	to identify where pupils are in their	lessons to identify precisely where
consequence of questioning.	and tasks and explanations is minimal.	understanding. As a result, they adapt	pupils are in their understanding. As a
		explanations and tasks, thus improving	result, they adapt explanations and
		learning for most pupils.	tasks, thus increasing engagement and
			maximising learning for all pupils.
		The RED allows opportunities and	
		prompts for children and teachers to	
		effectively question.	

RE2.5 Celebration & feedback

There is no culture of celebration of effort. Feedback rarely, if ever, happens and when given makes no difference to pupils' understanding of how to make progress in their learning. RE2.6 Spiritual & moral developmen 4 Teachers do not appear to recognise the	Celebration of pupil effort is inconsistent. Teachers provide pupils with feedback, but this makes little difference to pupils' understanding of how to make progress in their learning. Inconsistent t Teachers have a limited understanding of the importance of religious education	Pupil effort is often celebrated leading to good levels of motivation from pupils. Teachers provide pupils with feedback which ensures that most pupils understand what they need to do to make progress in their learning.	Celebration of effort is clearly evident, leading to high levels of motivation from pupils. Teachers provide pupils with relevant and specific feedback which ensures that all pupils clearly understand what they need to do to make progress in their learning.
effort. Feedback rarely, if ever, happens and when given makes no difference to pupils' understanding of how to make progress in their learning. RE2.6 Spiritual & moral developmen	inconsistent. Teachers provide pupils with feedback, but this makes little difference to pupils' understanding of how to make progress in their learning. Inconsistent t 3 Teachers have a limited understanding	to good levels of motivation from pupils. Teachers provide pupils with feedback which ensures that most pupils understand what they need to do to make progress in their learning.	leading to high levels of motivation from pupils. Teachers provide pupils with relevant and specific feedback which ensures that all pupils clearly understand what they need to do to make progress in their learning.
4	3 Teachers have a limited understanding	2	1
•	Teachers have a limited understanding	2	1
Teachers do not appear to recognise the	_		<u> </u>
value of moral and spiritual development as an integral part of learning in religious education.	as a component of moral and spiritual development. As a consequence, they do not value, or make little time for reflection in lessons.	Teachers recognise the impact religious education has on the moral and spiritual development of pupils. Therefore, teachers give pupils space and time for reflection in lessons.	Teachers have a profound understanding of the impact religious education has on the moral and spiritual development of pupils and their ability to meaningfully make sense of their experience of the world. Therefore, teachers give pupils space and time for purposeful reflection in lessons.
RE2.7 Variety & resources			
4	3	2	1
Teachers provide few, if any, opportunities for pupils to use a variety of forms of expression and the differing learning needs of pupils are overlooked. The quality of resources is poor and resources, including other adults, are not well deployed.	Teachers provide limited opportunities for pupils to use a variety of forms of expression and do not fully meet the differing learning needs of pupils. The quality of resources is limited and the use of resources, including other adults, is not as good as it should be.	Teachers provide pupils with opportunities to present their learning using a variety of forms of expression to meet the differing needs of pupils. Good quality resources, including other adults are used effectively to optimise learning for most pupils.	Teachers plan carefully to ensure that pupils are given extensive opportunities to present their learning using a wide variety of forms of expression to meet the differing needs of all pupils. High quality resources, including other adults, are used very effectively to optimise learning for all pupils.
RE2			

RE3: How well leaders and governors promote, monitor and evaluate the provision for religious education

RE3.1	RED
RE3.2	Core parity
RE3.3	CPD
RE3.4	Subject Leader
RE3.5	Curriculum design
RE3.6	Pupils' needs
RE3.7	Enrichment
RE3.8	Self-evaluation

RF3.1 RFD

RE3.1 RED			
4	3	2	1
The curriculum for religious education	The curriculum for religious education	Leaders and governors ensure that the	Leaders and governors ensure that the
does not reflect the aims and purposes	shows signs of the learning required by	school curriculum for religious	school curriculum for religious
laid out in the Religious Education	the Religious Education Directory but this does not appear to be the result of	education is a faithful expression of the	education is a faithful expression of the
Directory.	careful planning or depth of	Religious Education Directory. The	Religious Education Directory. Religious
	understanding. Fidelity to the Directory	religious education programmes and/or resources used are selected for their	education programmes and/or other
	does not appear to have been a	ability to deliver the curriculum aims set	resources are used imaginatively and
	consideration in the choice of religious	out in the Directory.	creatively to enhance the delivery of the
	education programmes and/or	out in the birectory.	Directory.
	resources used in the school.		
RE3.2 Core parity			
4	3	2	1
Leaders and governors are failing to	Leaders and governors are not ensuring	Leaders and governors ensure that	Leaders and governors ensure that
ensure that religious education is	religious education is comparable with	religious education is comparable to	religious education has at least full
treated comparably to other core	other core curriculum subjects, in terms	other core curriculum subjects, in terms	parity with other core curriculum
curriculum subjects, such that there are	of professional development,	of professional development,	subjects, which will include professional
significant disparities between religious	resourcing, timetabling, staffing or	resourcing, timetabling, staffing and	development, resourcing, timetabling,
education and other core curriculum	accommodation. Whole-school policies,	accommodation. They ensure	staffing and accommodation. They
subjects. There are significant	such as those on homework, feedback	wholeschool policies, such as those on	ensure a parity of demand with other
disparities in the way whole-school	to pupils/students, and reporting to	homework, feedback to	core subjects in relation to wholeschool
policies, such as those on homework, feedback to pupils/students, and	parents are inconsistently applied.	pupils/students, and reporting to	policies, such as homework, feedback to
reporting to parents are applied.		parents are equitably applied to all core subjects.	pupils/students, and reporting to parents.
RE3.3 CPD		subjects.	parents.
4	3	2	1
Leaders and governors have neglected	Leaders and governors have not given	Leaders and governors ensure that	Leaders and governors are committed
the professional development of the	sufficient priority to professional	professional development	to securing regular, high quality
subject leader and teachers of religious	development in religious education	opportunities are available for	professional development in religious
education.	such that opportunities are infrequent	practitioners in relation to both subject	education for all practitioners in
	or are not available to all.	knowledge and pedagogical	relation to both subject knowledge and
		development.	pedagogical development.

RE3.4 Subject Leader

4	3	2	1
The subject leader for religious education lacks a vision for the subject and does not plan improvements to teaching and learning in religious education.	The subject leader for religious education does not effectively plan improvements to teaching and learning in religious education.	The subject leader for religious education has a clear vision for teaching and learning and a good level of expertise in securing this vision. These are used effectively to improve teaching and learning in religious education, resulting in teaching that is likely to be at least consistently good.	The subject leader for religious education has an inspiring vision of outstanding teaching and learning and a high level of expertise in securing this vision. These are used effectively to improve teaching and learning in religious education, resulting in teaching that is likely to be outstanding and at least consistently good. The quality of subject leadership is recognised beyond the school and the subject leader willingly shares this expertise to the benefit of other diocesan schools.
RE3.5 Curriculum design		_	
The curriculum does not reflect a coherent understanding of what progression looks like in religious education.	The curriculum has features that indicate it may secure progression, but this does not appear to have been the consequence of thoughtful planning.	Leaders plan the curriculum to provide sufficient opportunities for learners to progress sequentially through the subject content.	Leaders carefully plan an appropriately sequential curriculum which ensures that subject content is introduced systematically in an increasingly demanding way, as learners progress through the planned curriculum.
RE3.6 Pupils' needs			
Leaders are failing to ensure that religious education is planned to meet the needs of different groups of pupils and there is little or no coherence across different key stages and phases.	3 Words added Leaders are not ensuring that religious education consistently is planned in all classes to meet the needs of different groups of pupils and coherence across different key stages and phases requires improvement.	Leaders ensure that religious education is effectively planned to meet the needs of different groups of pupils and to secure coherence across different key stages and phases.	Leaders ensure that religious education is imaginatively and thoughtfully planned to meet the needs of different groups of pupils and each key stage and phase is creatively structured to build on and enhance prior learning.

RE3.7 Enrichment

RE3./ Enrichment			
4	3	2	1
There are few, if any, opportunities for pupils to engage in enrichment activities relating to their learning in religious education.	There are only limited opportunities for pupils to engage in enrichment activities, or those that are provided appear to contribute modestly to pupil learning and engagement.	Leaders ensure that pupils are provided with engaging enrichment activities that enhance pupil learning in religious education. There are some good examples where teachers are encouraging children to think deeply about their actions. These activities enrich children learning and understanding. This could be deepened across the school.	Excellent links are forged with other appropriate agencies and the wider community to provide a wide range of enrichment activities to promote pupils' learning and engagement with religious education.
RE3.8 Self-evaluation			
4	3	2	1
Leaders' and governors' self-evaluation of religious education is either ineffective or absent.	Leaders' and governors' self-evaluation of religious education is insufficiently informed by monitoring and analysis and is shallow in its self-challenge.	Leaders' and governors' self-evaluation of religious education is informed by thorough monitoring, analysis and self-challenge. This results in strategic action taken by the school which lead to good outcomes.	Leaders' and governors' self-evaluation of religious education demonstrates forensic monitoring, searching analysis and self-challenge. This results in strategic action and well-targeted planning which leads to outstanding outcomes.
RE3			
RELIGIOUS EDUCATION			

Collective worship

CW1: How well pupils participate in and respond to the school's collective worship

CW1.1	Engagement & participation
CW1.2	Variety & liturgical year
CW1.3	Collaborative planning, pupil leadership & evaluation
CW1.4	Influence of curriculum & school life
CW1.5	Impact

CW1.1 Engagement & participation

CW1.1 Engagement & participation			
4	3	2	1
Pupils are reluctant to engage in the	Pupils participate passively and not	Pupils respond well to the experiences	The experiences of prayer and liturgy
prayer and liturgical life or they are	always with enthusiasm in the regular	of prayer and liturgy provided by the	provided by the school engage pupils
often inattentive and ill-disciplined	prayer and liturgical life of the school.	school. They participate in them by, for	deeply and lead them to full, active and
during these times.		example, reflecting in silence, joining in	conscious participation. Pupils
		community prayer with confidence and	demonstrate this by, for example, the
		singing readily.	quality of prayerful silence, their
			attentiveness and response to prayer
			and liturgy, and their engagement in
			communal singing.
CW1.2 Variety & liturgical year			
4	3	2	1
Pupils have no awareness of the variety	Pupils have a limited understanding of	Appropriate to their age and capacity,	Appropriate to their age and capacity,
of ways of praying that are part of the	some ways of praying that are part of	pupils understand a variety of ways of	pupils have a detailed understanding of
Catholic tradition. They do not	the Catholic tradition. They struggle to	praying that are part of the Catholic	the wide variety of ways of praying that
understand the Church's liturgical year.	articulate how the Church's liturgical	tradition. This would include, for	are part of the Catholic tradition. This
	year influences the prayer life of the	example, the use of scripture, symbol,	would include, for example, the use of
	school.	silence, meditation, reflection and	scripture, symbol, silence, meditation,
		liturgical music. They can describe the	reflection and liturgical music. They
		parts of the Church's liturgical year and	demonstrate an excellent
		articulate how it influences the prayer	understanding of the shape and
		life of the school.	meaning of the Church's liturgical year
			and how it is expressed in the prayer
			life of the school.

CW1.3 Collaborative planning, pupil leadership & evaluation

4	3	2	1
Pupils have few, if any, opportunities to work with others, to prepare prayer and liturgy. They rarely, if ever, undertake liturgical ministries.	Pupils have limited opportunities to work with others, to prepare prayer and liturgy. They sometimes undertake liturgical ministries but are not always well-prepared to do so.	Pupils work well with others, such as teachers, other pupils and chaplains, to prepare engaging experiences of prayer and liturgy. Due to the school's provision of liturgical preparation for pupils, they undertake liturgical ministries willingly and are involved in evaluating the quality of the prayer and liturgy they have planned.	Pupils work collaboratively with others, such as teachers, other pupils and chaplains to prepare creative and well constructed experiences of prayer and liturgy. Due to the school's provision of liturgical formation for its pupils, they can undertake liturgical ministries with confidence, understanding and skill. Pupils have a developed capacity for evaluating the quality of the prayer and liturgy they have planned and can identify how to improve next time.
CW1.4 Influence of curriculum & sc	hool life		
4	3	2	1
Pupils do not recognise that prayer and	Pupils struggle to make connections	Pupils are able to recognise and	Pupils demonstrate confidence in
liturgy have any connection to the	between prayer and liturgy, the	articulate the ways in which prayer and	articulating the ways in which prayer
curriculum or the wider life of the	curriculum and the wider life of the	liturgy influence and are influenced by	and liturgy influence and are influenced
school.	school.	both the curriculum and the wider life	by both the curriculum and the wider
		of the school.	life of the school. They make
			connections with ease and speak about
			them in their own language.
CW1.5 Impact			
4	3	2	1
Pupils rarely, if ever, reflect on their	Pupils find it difficult to reflect on their	Pupils understand how to reflect on	Pupils readily reflect on their
experience of prayer and liturgy. They	experience of prayer and liturgy. They	their experience of prayer and liturgy.	experience of prayer and liturgy with
fail to make any links between prayer	display some awareness of the ways in	They can articulate the ways in which	confidence and in detail. They can
and action	which these experiences can lead to	these experiences have led to action.	articulate clearly the ways in which
	action but struggle to give any concrete		these experiences have shaped how they think about themselves and the
	examples.		world and how this has inspired them
			to action.
			10 000000
CW1			
CAAT			

CW2: The quality of collective worship provided by the school

CW2.1	Centrality
CW2.2	Daily pattern & rhythm
CW2.3	Richness of tradition
CW2.4	Use of Scripture
CW2.5	Staff commitment
CW2.6	Staff skill
CW2.7	Creativity
CW2.8	Use of space
CW2.9	Families & parish(es)

CW2.1 Centrality

CW2.1 Centrality	1		
4	3	2	1
Prayer and liturgy are rarely, if ever, a	Prayer and liturgy are part of school life,	Appropriately planned prayer and	The centrality of prayer and liturgy to
central feature of school life.	but they tend to be peripheral to the	liturgy are central to the life of the	the life of the school is clear across a
	main activities or are not well planned	school and form part of routine	whole range of evidence sources. These
	to ensure they are a meaningful part of	gatherings of pupils, staff or leaders.	demonstrate that appropriately planned
	either routine or significant school	Significant moments of joy and sorrow	prayer and liturgy are always integral to
	gatherings.	are identified and celebrated in prayer.	routine gatherings of pupils, staff or
			leaders. A wide range of significant
		We need to document across the year	moments of joy and sorrow are
			identified and celebrated in prayer.
CW2.2 Daily pattern & rhythm			
4	3	2	1
There is no daily pattern of prayer.	The daily pattern of prayer is	There is a daily pattern of prayer, that	There is a naturally embedded daily
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	inconsistent, or it does not sufficiently	reflects the rhythm of the prayer life of	pattern of prayer, that faithfully reflects
	reflect the rhythm of the prayer life of	the Church.	the rhythm of the prayer life of the
	the Church.		Church. There is a creative balance
	Daily prayers are included in 10:10 and		between routine and innovative times
	on CAFOD – Comes with music and		of prayer.
	could lead into reflection time.		· <i>'</i>
	Music to come in after play – settle		
	Lighting a candle is important and we		
	need to make more of this.		
	Rosary.		
CW2.3 Richness of tradition	•		
4	3	2	1
Prayer and liturgy are repetitive and	Prayer and liturgy offer participants a	Prayer and liturgy offer participants	Prayer and liturgy offer participants a
narrow.	limited range of ways of praying, or a	experiences of a range of ways of	wide range of engaging and creative
	variety that does not exemplify the	praying that are part of the Catholic	experiences of the breadth and richness
	richness of the Catholic tradition.	tradition.	of the Catholic tradition.
	We have detailed how we will action		
	this.		
	Rosary.		

CW2.4 Use of Scripture

4	3	2	1
Prayer and liturgy rarely, if ever, has	Scripture does not always hold a central	Seasonally appropriate Scripture	Well-chosen Scripture passages that are
Scripture at its heart or the selection is	place in prayer and liturgy, or its	passages are central to prayer and	informed by the liturgical season form
thoughtless and fails to reflect either	selection indicates there is a lack of	liturgy. They are chosen to help those	the heart of prayer and liturgy and there
the liturgical calendar or the capacity of	depth and breadth in responding to the	present to fully and actively participate.	are intrinsic links between these
participants.	liturgical calendar or the capacity of		passages and the whole of the
	participants.	We ned to make sure that this is really	celebration. They are carefully and
		signposted	thoughtfully chosen to ensure that all
			present can fully and actively
			participate.

CW2.5 Staff commitment

4	3	2	1
Staff rarely if ever, lead or participate in	Staff only occasionally participate in or	Staff, including senior leaders, are	Staff, including senior leaders, are
prayer and liturgy.	lead prayer and liturgy or they are	models of good practice to other staff	inspiring models of exemplary practice
	present but not participating.	and pupils as participants in and leaders	to other staff and pupils as participants
		of prayer and liturgy.	in and leaders of prayer and liturgy.
CW2.6 Staff skill			
4	3	2	1
Relevant staff lack the skill to help	Relevant staff are limited in their ability	Relevant staff are skilled in helping	Relevant staff are highly skilled in
pupils plan and lead prayer and liturgy.	to help pupils plan and lead prayer and	pupils to plan and lead well-constructed	helping pupils to confidently plan and
They have little or no understanding of	liturgy. They have only superficial	prayer and liturgy. They have a good	lead well-constructed prayer and
the liturgical norms of the Church.	understanding of the liturgical norms of	understanding of the liturgical norms of	liturgy. They have a thorough and
	the Church or pupils are not initiated	the Church and are able to help pupils	comprehensive understanding of the
	into these norms.	draw on these norms in their	liturgical norms of the Church and are
		preparation.	adept at helping pupils to faithfully
			reflect these norms in their preparation.
		This is going to be embedded as school	
		worship is developed	

CW2.7 Creativity

4	3	2	1
The skills of pupils and relevant staff or	The potential for pupils and relevant	Pupils and relevant staff regularly use	The creative and artistic skill and
the riches of the Church are neglected	staff to enhance the school's prayer and	their gifts to enhance the prayer and	expertise of pupils and relevant staff
as resources to enhance the school's	liturgy is not fully realised. Music and	liturgy of the school. Music and other	have been identified, nurtured and
prayer and liturgy. Music and other art	other art forms are not always	art forms are, when appropriate,	practised to enable them to use their
forms rarely if ever play a role.	appropriately used in prayer and liturgy	included in prayer and liturgy in a way	gifts confidently to enhance prayer and
	or do not sufficiently reflect the riches	that enhances these experiences for	liturgy. A wide range of high-quality
	of the Church.	participants and reflects the riches of	music and other art forms are, when
		the Church.	appropriate, integrated into prayer and
			liturgy in a way that significantly
			enhances these experiences for
			participants and reflects the riches of
			the Church.

CW2.8 Use of space

4
The school makes poor or no use of the
spaces available to it for the provision
of:
- prayer spaces within classrooms
and alcombara.

- and elsewhere;
- an appropriately sized space for the celebration of Mass
- a prayer room or chapel, even when possible.

If such spaces exist, they are neglected, are used carelessly or are not conducive to prayer.

3

The school makes inconsistent use of the spaces available to it for the provision of:

- prayer spaces within classrooms and elsewhere
- an appropriately sized space for the celebration of Mass
- where possible, a prayer room or chapel.

These spaces are not always well-cared for, are sometimes used carelessly, or are not always conducive to prayer.

2

The school makes good use of the spaces available to:

- provide prayer spaces within classrooms and elsewhere
- ensure that it has access to everything that is necessary for the celebration of Mass, including an appropriately sized space
- create, where possible, a permanently dedicated prayer space, such as a prayer room or chapel that is regularly used by staff and students.

Time and attention are given to ensure that these spaces are used appropriately, are well-cared for and conducive to prayer.

The school makes imaginative and creative use of the spaces available to:

- provide prayer spaces within classrooms and elsewhere that are owned by the pupils
- ensure that it has access to everything that is necessary for the worthy celebration of Mass, including an appropriately sized space
- create, where possible, a permanently dedicated prayer space, such as a prayer room or chapel that is cherished and regularly used by staff and students.

Time and attention are regularly given over to ensure that these spaces are used appropriately, are well-cared for and are conducive to prayer.

CW2.9 Families & parish(es)			
4	3	2	1
Little, or no effort has been made to work with families. Few, if any, attempts have been made to establish partnership with the local parish or parishes.	Relevant staff have made some attempt to work with families but with limited success. The school is inconsistent in its efforts to work with the local parish or parishes. Invite parents to a class worship. This needs to be placed at the end of the day.	Relevant staff work well with families to include them in the prayer life of the school and to support the developing prayer life of pupils. The school seeks to work well with the local parish or parishes to help pupils participate more fully in the liturgy.	Relevant staff have thoughtfully planned how to work with families to include them in the prayer life of the school and to support the developing prayer life of pupils. The school works hard to secure a flourishing partnership with the local parish or parishes to help pupils participate more fully in the liturgy.
CW2			

CW3: How well leaders and governors promote, monitor and evaluate the provision for collective worship

CW3.1	Impact of policy
CW3.2	Skill strategy
CW3.3	Sacraments, Holy Days of Obligation & other significant days
CW3.4	CPD, including formation
CW3.5	Leaders' knowledge & skill
CW3.6	Impact of leadership
CW3.7	Resourcing
CW3.8	Self-evaluation

CW3.1 Impact of policy

CW3.1 Impact of policy					
4	3	2	1		
The school does not have a policy on prayer or liturgy, or it has one that is never referred to by those whose work it should inform.	The school has a policy on prayer and liturgy, but it is superficial or is not comprehensive; it has only limited impact on the work of relevant staff who prepare prayer and liturgy.	The school's policy on prayer and liturgy is well formulated and fit for purpose. It is accessible and useful to relevant staff who use it often when preparing prayer and liturgy.	The school's policy on prayer and liturgy is carefully formulated, regularly reviewed and fit for purpose. It is written in such a way that makes it accessible and useful to relevant staff who use it consistently as a reference point when preparing prayer and		
CM2 2 Chill strate Tr			liturgy.		
CW3.2 Skill strategy					
4	3	2	1		
Leaders, including governors, have little, or no understanding of the different levels and skills of participation that are reflective of the age and capacity of pupils.	Leaders, including governors, have a limited understanding of the different levels and skills of participation that are reflective of the age and capacity of pupils. They have a superficial strategy that does not fully address differentiation by age or capacity. Needs to be deepened	Leaders, including governors, understand the different levels and skills of participation that are reflective of the age and capacity of pupils. They have a clear strategy for building up these skills of participation as pupils progress through school.	Leaders, including governors, have a developed understanding of the different levels and skills of participation that are reflective of the age and capacity of pupils. They have a clear and comprehensive strategy for building up these skills of participation as pupils progress through school. The effectiveness of this plan is evidenced by the increasing ease with which pupils are able to participate in liturgy and prayer as they mature.		

CW3.3 Sacraments, Holy Days of Obligation & other significant days

Little, or no effort, is made to provide opportunities for the celebration of the Eucharist. Holy days of obligation and other significant days are frequently overlooked in the planning of the school calendar. Little, or no effort is made to allow members of the school community to access Mass, or other appropriate liturgies, on such days.

Opportunities to celebrate the Eucharist are sporadic and are not sufficiently planned for. Holy days of obligation and other significant days, such as founders' and patrons' days, are not always marked or celebrated in the school's calendar. Efforts to enable members of the school community to access Mass, or other appropriate liturgies, are inconsistent.

Leaders, including governors, have planned the school calendar and timetable to set aside opportunities to celebrate the Eucharist, particularly at key times in the liturgical year and at significant moments within the life of the school. All holy days of obligation and other significant days, such as founders' and patrons' days, are recognised in the school's calendar and timetable. Members of the school community are able to access Mass, or other appropriate liturgies, on such days. Equally, school leaders strive to offer the Sacrament of Reconciliation at key times in the liturgical year, such as Lent and Advent.

2

2

Leaders, including governors, have planned the school calendar and timetable carefully to ensure that opportunities to celebrate the Eucharist are regularly offered to the whole school community, particularly at key times in the liturgical year and at significant moments within the life of the school. All holy days of obligation and other significant days, such as founders' and patrons' days, are prioritised in the school's calendar and timetable to ensure that all those who wish to are able to participate in Mass, or other appropriate liturgies, on such days. Equally, school leaders work hard to ensure that the Sacrament of Reconciliation is offered in school at key times in the liturgical year, such as Lent and Advent.

1

CW3.4 CPD, including formation

Leaders, including governors, offer few, if any, opportunities for the professional development in prayer and liturgy. Staff have little, if any understanding of its importance and relevant staff are ill-equipped to lead it.

Leaders, including governors, are inconsistent in their provision of opportunities for professional development in prayer and liturgy. As a result, the importance of prayer and liturgy is not widely understood, and relevant staff are insufficiently trained and supported in their own leadership of it.

Leaders, including governors, offer regular opportunities for the professional development of all staff that incorporates liturgical formation and, for relevant staff, the planning of prayer and liturgy; it is well-planned and effective. As a result, all staff understand the importance of prayer and liturgy and relevant staff are well supported to lead liturgy and prayer in school.

Leaders, including governors, place the highest priority on inspirational professional development of all staff that focuses on liturgical formation and, for relevant staff, planning of prayer and liturgy; it happens frequently and is of a consistently high quality. As a result, all staff understand the centrality of prayer and liturgy to the life of the school and relevant staff are highly skilled and well supported to lead it.

CW3.5 Leaders' knowledge & skill

CW3.5 Leaders Knowledge & Skill			
4	3	2	1
Leaders, including chaplains, have little,	Leaders, including chaplains, have a	Leaders, including chaplains,	Leaders, including chaplains, have a
if any understanding of the variety of	limited understanding of understanding	understand a variety of ways of praying	thorough understanding of a broad
ways of praying that are part of the	of the variety of ways of praying that	that are part of the Catholic tradition.	range of ways of praying that are part
Catholic tradition. They are unaware of	are part of the Catholic tradition. They	They can articulate the Church's	of the Catholic tradition. They can
the relationship between participation	struggle to articulate the Church's	understanding of the relationship	confidently articulate the Church's
and ministry and have little, if any,	understanding of the relationship	between participation and ministry and	understanding of the relationship
familiarity with the Church's liturgical	between participation and ministry and	are familiar with the Church's liturgical	between participation and ministry and
sources.	are only partially familiar with the	sources (including the lectionary, the	have a thorough familiarity with the
	Church's liturgical sources.	missal and the calendar). This	Church's liturgical sources (including the
		understanding, together with their	lectionary, the missal and the calendar).
		knowledge of the particular needs of	They consciously bring this
		the community, informs their planning	understanding, together with their
		of prayer and liturgy.	knowledge of the particular needs of
			the community, to their planning of
CM2 Character than to the			prayer and liturgy.
CW3.6 Impact of leadership			
4	3	2	1
Leaders, including chaplains, provide	Leaders, including chaplains, provide	Leaders, including chaplains, assist	Leaders, including chaplains, are highly
little, if any, support to others to plan	limited support to others in planning	others well to plan and lead	effective in facilitating others to plan
and lead prayer and liturgy. As a result,	and leading experiences of prayer and	experiences of prayer and liturgy. As a consequence, pupils and staff are able	and lead experiences of prayer and
pupils and staff rarely, if ever, plan or	liturgy. As a result, pupils and staff lack	to provide prayer and liturgy	liturgy. As a consequence, pupils and
lead prayer and liturgy.	confidence in planning or leading prayer	opportunities that are engaging, of a	staff are able to provide prayer and
	and liturgy or their lack of preparedness	high quality and accessible and relevant	liturgy opportunities that are engaging,
	is detrimental to the quality, relevance	to pupils.	of a consistently high quality and are
	or accessibility of the prayer and liturgy opportunities they provide.	to pupils.	accessible, meaningful and relevant for the whole community.
	opportunities they provide.		the whole community.
CW3.7 Resourcing			,
4	3	2	1
Leaders, including governors, neglect	Leaders, including governors do not	Leaders, including governors, recognise	Leaders, including governors, ensure
prayer and liturgy when setting budgets	always recognise the importance of	the importance of prayer and liturgy	provision for prayer and liturgy is
and allocating resources.	worship when setting budgets and	when setting budgets and allocating	prioritised when setting budgets and
	allocating resources. As a result,	resources, such as time, staffing and	allocating resources, such as time,
	relevant staff are insufficiently	facilities. As a result, relevant staff are	staffing and facilities. As a result,
	supported in developing quality	supported in developing high-quality	relevant staff are supported in
	experiences of prayer and liturgy.	experiences of prayer and liturgy.	

			developing consistently high-quality experiences of prayer and liturgy.
CW3.8 Self-evaluation			
4	3	2	1
Leaders, including governors, rarely, if ever, review the quality and impact of prayer and liturgy.	Leaders, including governors are inconsistent in their reviews of the quality and impact of prayer and liturgy. Such reviews, when they occur, are peripheral to the school's cycle of self-evaluation.	Leaders, including governors, regularly review the quality and impact of prayer and liturgy as part of the school's cycle of self-evaluation and planned improvements. The views of pupils are regularly sought as part of the school's evaluation of prayer and liturgy.	Leaders, including governors, place the highest priority on the evaluation of the quality and impact of prayer and liturgy and ensure it is embedded in the school's cycle of self-evaluation and planned improvements. The voice of pupils and other relevant stakeholders are an integral and valued part of the school's evaluation of prayer and liturgy.
CW3			
COLLECTIVE WORSHIP			