

St. Joseph's Catholic Primary School, Malmesbury CORONAVIRUS (COVID 19)



SCHOOL FULL CAPACITY - RISK ASSESSMENT

1.	Assessment No:	StJCPS/COV19 - 4 (Issue 3)		
2.	Activity/Process:	CONTAINMENT		
	Assessment Date:	February 2021		
	Assessor:	Brian Birkin-Hewitt (Tech IOSH) School HSA		
	Next Review Due:	As and when required by authority directive		
			Employees	Others
3.	Number of Persons at Risk:	1		
		2-5		
		6-10		
		10 Plus	x	x

4. Hazards:

- a) Staff member becomes unwell during the school day with Covid-19 symptoms¹
- b) Child becomes unwell during the school day with suspected Covid-19 symptoms^{2 and 3}
- c) School advised that a child's family member has become unwell with suspected Covid-19 symptoms (child in school at the time)
- 1. E.g. a new continuous cough, high temperature, sore throat, headache, onset of respiratory difficulty, loss of smell and/or taste (asnomia)
- 2. The first 5 symptoms documented above are relatively easy to recognize in both children and adults. The loss of senses however will only be realised by the affected person and children cannot be expected to offer this information
- 3. Children of families with a BAME origin may also display additional symptoms that are similar to toxic-shock: (a sunburn like rash, reddened eyes, nausea and vomiting, diarrhoea, dizziness, fainting, and acute tiredness) as well as abdominal pains and/or gastrointestinal problems

5. Proposed procedures/controls:

- Establish two Isolation Zones, an Isolation Room inside the school, and an outdoor Isolation Area
- Equip both Isolation Zones with 'Standard' PPE and sanitization materials
- Remove all non-essential items and/or furniture from the Isolation Zones
- If an Isolation Zone is activated a specific toilet will be assigned for Isolationist use only
 - o An activated Isolation Zone must not be used again for a period of 72 hours after being vacated
 - The Isolation Zone will then undergo a 'Deep Clean' before being declared as available
 - An activated Isolation Zone toilet must not be used again for a period of 72 hours after the Isolation Zone has been vacated
 - The Isolation Zone toilet will then undergo a 'Deep Clean' before being declared as available
- All used PPE is to be 'double-bagged' and held in a safe area for 72 hours before disposal
- Appoint a First Aid qualified staff member to assist where necessary

- Engage the HPT and NHS Test and Trace system if a case of Covid-19 infection is suspected or proven [see PHE Guidance extracts below]
- The staff member is to immediately advise other staff and recover to an Isolation Zone with any personal belongings

The staff member is to perform a rigorous sanitization protocol, and don the full 'standard' PPE

The staff member is to arrange for their own transport to their home. If necessary, an appointed First Aider may be required to assist in calling for an Ambulance

b) The First Aider (a supervising adult) is to be alerted and called to assist; the First Aider is to don full 'standard' PPE before attending to the child

The child is to be taken to an Isolation Zone; personal items are to be 'bagged-up' and stay with the child

The child is to carry out a sanitization protocol and don the full 'standard' PPE (a Face Visor is not essential); the First Aider may have to assist in both actions

The school is to notify the child's parents immediately¹ and advise that the child needs to be taken home without delay and undergo an NHS Test & Trace procedure asap. The parent should be asked to provide the test result as soon as it known

The collection point will be at the schools' main entrance gate

- 1. In the event of BAME child, urgent medical intervention may be needed; if the parent is not readily available to collect the child quickly, consider calling for an Ambulance
 - c) The First Aider (a supervising adult) is to be alerted and called to assist; the First Aider is to don PPE including a Face Mask before attending to the child

The child is to be taken to an Isolation Zone; personal items are to be 'bagged-up' and go with the child

The child is to carry out a sanitization protocol and don the full 'standard' PPE (a Face Visor is available but not essential); the First Aider may have to assist in both actions

The parent is to be urged to collect the child without delay from the school's main entrance gate

The child should undergo a test via the NHS Test & Trace system before deciding on further admission into school; the parent should be asked to provide the test result as soon as it known

Note: In both cases of b) and c) the child may be distressed, so considerable care and compassion may well be required throughout the procedure

- In all cases parents of all children in the school are to be advised of the occurrence and any follow-up action that the school plans to implement
- In the cases of a) and b) the affected classroom is to undergo a 'Deep Clean' before further use
- All soft material PPE used during the occurrence is to be 'double-bagged' and left in a safe area for 72
 hours before eventual disposal (Eye Protection/Face Visors etc. may be retained, left idle for 72 hours and
 then subjected to a Deep Clean procedure)
- The First Aider should perform a sanitization protocol before and after removing the PPE
- The PHE HPT is to be advised of the instance¹; request their advice and instigate a Coronavirus Testing and/or a Tracking procedure [See the PHE Guidance below]
- If the affected individual subsequently tests positive, the rest of their school group and staff members are to remain at home and self-isolate for 14 days
- If several individuals from the same group develop symptoms the LA will be advised to alert PHE who will then initiate wider testing and provide appropriate directives according to their findings
- See the PHE Guidance and extract (attached below) for details on all of the above

1. If the suspected case is a BAME child, ensure that the HPT are made aware of this

6. The Residual Risk(s) Remaining:

(After implementation of proposed procedures)

Risk Rating:

Likelihood x Severity = Rating/Action

 School advised of a Positive Covid-19 instance overnight, child, or staff member 3 x 4 = 12 Revise Procedures - Stop All

7. Additional procedures suggested/required:

(Reduce residual risks if practicable to a Risk Rating of 4 or below)

- Parents are to be advised that a child is not to attend school if the child or any member of the home family develops, or is showing signs of, Covid-19 symptoms (see Risk Assessment Covid19-2 Para 7)
- PPE in each 'PPE EMERGENCY' box, including those in the Isolation Zones (for patient use) includes:
 - Eye Protection/Face Visor
 - Oro-Nasal Face Mask
 - Apron/Poncho
 - Gloves

8. Headteacher Approval:

Date Implemented: 7 March 2021 Procedures Effective: Yes/No

Comments:

Signed and Appointment: (Headteacher St Joseph's Primary School)

Name: Mrs Susan Woods

Next Review Date: As determined by an Authority directive that requires changes to the implemented procedures

9. Chair of Governors Awareness:

Date: 7 March 2021 Procedures Effective: Yes/No

Comments:

Signed and Appointment: (Chair of Governors St Joseph's Primary School)

Name: Mr Gregory Fauvarque

RISK RATING

RATING ACTION BANDS

LIKELIHOOD	SEVERITY OF HARM	RATING BANDS	ACTION REQUIRED
 Most unlikely Unlikely Likely Most Likely 	 Minimal Requires isolation Requires quarantine VSI/Fatal 	1 Minimal Risk 2 - 4 Low Risk 6 - 9 High Risk 12 -16 Very High	Maintain Procedures Monitor Procedures Improve Procedures Revise Procedures - stop all







Putting on personal protective equipment (PPE)

for non-aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)*

Please see donning and doffing video to support this guidance: https://youtu.be/-GncQ_ed-9w

Pre-donning instructions:

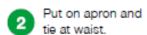
- · Ensure healthcare worker hydrated
- · Remove jewellery

· Tie hair back

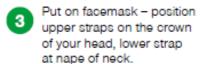
· Check PPE in the correct size is available

Perform hand hygiene before putting on PPE.











With both hands, mould the metal strap over the bridge of your nose.



Don eye protection if required.



Put on gloves.









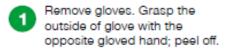
Taking off personal protective equipment (PPE)

for non-aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)*

Please see donning and doffing video to support this guidance: https://youtu.be/-GncQ_ed-9w

 PPE should be removed in an order that minimises the risk of self-contamination

 Gloves, aprons (and eye protection if used) should be taken off in the patient's room or cohort area



Hold the removed glove in the remaining gloved hand.



Slide the fingers of the un-gloved hand under the remaining glove at the wrist.

Peel the remaining glove off over the first glove and discard.



Clean hands.



Apron.

Unfasten or break apron ties at the neck and let the apron fold down on itself.



Break ties at waist and fold apron in on itself – do not touch the outside – this will be contaminated. Discard



Remove eye protection if worn.

Use both hands to handle the straps by pulling away from face and discard.



Clean hands.



Remove facemask once your clinical work is completed.







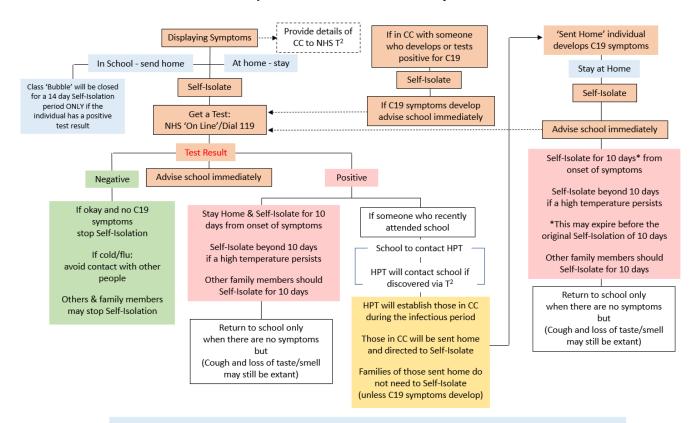
Untie or break bottom ties, followed by top ties or elastic, and remove by handling the ties only. Lean forward slightly. Discard. DO NOT reuse once removed.



Clean hands with soap and water.



DfE Operational Guidance: February 2021



Evidence of a Negative Test Result should not be requested as a pre-requisite of re-admission into school

The school must not share names or details of those infected by C19 unless essential to protect others

Notes:

- 1. Essential Workers (which includes Teachers) have a T2 priority
- 2. Schools will be supplied with Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) Home Test Kits to be given to staff or parents of children who are being sent home with suspected C19 symptoms and have difficulties in accessing tests elsewhere
- 3. CEV children are to 'Shield' and stay at home as much as possible whilst shielding guidance is in place
- 4. If 2 or more cases of C19 Infection are discovered within a 14-day period the HPT may declare 'An Outbreak'
 - In this instance the HPT will announce the measures to be applied, who and how many will be required to Self-Isolate
 - The closure of the school will only be implemented if directed by the HPT
 - A Mobile Test Unit will undertake to test all those who have been in contact with the C19 infected individuals with the initial tests being conducted on classmates and other school personnel if the HPT deem it necessary

Abbreviations used:

CC - Close Contact

CEV - Clinically Extremely Vulnerable HPT - Health Protection Team

T² - Test and Trace

C19 - Coronavirus (Covid 19) infection

Definition of 'Close Contact':

- · Anyone who lives in the same household as someone with COVID-19 symptoms or who has tested positive.
- Anyone who has had any of the following types of contact with someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 with a PCR or LFD test:
 - face-to-face contact including being coughed on or having a face-to-face conversation within 1 metre
 - been within 1m for 1 minute or longer, without face-to-face contact
 - sexual contacts
 - been within 2m of someone for more than 15 minutes (either as a one instance or total in the one day)
 - travelled in the same vehicle or aircraft

PHE Guidance (Extract): Management Headteacher Response Actions to an Infection v3.0 - Issued 5 June 2020

